



## **Orchard Meadow Admissions Policy 2027 - 2028**

### **Reception to Year 6**



# Orchard Meadow Primary School

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## INTRODUCTION

Orchard Meadow School is an Academy and the admission arrangements for **September 2027** are set out below.

## ADMISSION NUMBER

**The Pupil Admission Number is 30 for entry in Year Reception in September 2027.**

## ADMISSION CRITERIA

In accordance with legal requirements, children who have an Educational, Health & Care Plan (EHCP) naming a particular school in Part 4 of that Statement will be admitted to that school.<sup>1</sup>

The proposed admission rules for Orchard Meadow School are shown below in descending order of priority.

1. Children who are looked after by a local authority within the meaning of section 22 of the Children Act 1989 at the time of their application and previously looked after children.<sup>2</sup> The term "Previously Looked After Children" (PLAC) are children who are no longer looked after by a LA in England because they are subject to an adoption, special guardianship or child arrangements order. The 2021 School Admission Codes regards a child as having been in state care outside England if they were in the care of or were accommodated by a public authority, a religious organisation or any other provider of care whose sole or main purpose is to benefit society.
2. Disabled children who need to be admitted to Orchard Meadow School on the grounds of physical accessibility. The definition of disability is that contained within the Equalities Act 2010.
3. To children of staff in either or both of the following circumstances:
  - a. a) where the member of staff has been employed at the school for two or more years at the time at which the application for admission to the school is made, and/or
  - b. b) the member of staff is recruited to fill a vacant post for which there is a demonstrable skill shortage.
4. Children who live in the designated (catchment) area and have a brother or sister on roll at the time of application who will still be attending at the time of entry.
5. Children who live in the designated (catchment) area.
6. Children who have a brother or sister on roll at the time of application who will still be attending at the time of entry but live outside the designated (catchment) area.
7. All other children who do not live in the designated (catchment) area and also do not have a brother or sister on roll at the time of application who will still be attending at the time of entry.

In categories 4 to 6 above, priority will be given to children who are eligible for Service Pupil Premium and then to children who live closest to the school by the straight-line distance as calculated by Oxfordshire County Council.

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<sup>1</sup> An Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) is a plan made by the Local Authority under Section 37 of the Children and Families Act 2014 specifying the special education provision, health and social care required for that child. **This is therefore not an oversubscription criterion.**

<sup>2</sup> A "looked after child" is a child who is (a) in the care of a local authority, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services functions (see definition in Section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989) at the time of making an application to a school.

## DESIGNATED (CATCHMENT) AREAS

Designated areas can be viewed on the Oxfordshire public website. Living within a particular school's designated area gives a high priority for admission but there is no guarantee that a place will always be made available. There is also no guarantee that free transport will be provided to the designated (catchment) area school if it is not the closest or nearest available school.

## BROTHERS AND SISTERS (SIBLINGS)

For admissions purposes, a brother or sister is defined as one of the following:

- A brother or sister (both parents the same) living at the same home address; or
- A half-brother or half-sister (one parent the same) living at the same home address; or
- A stepbrother or stepsister (sharing a parent who is married or in a civil partnership) living at the same home address; or
- An adopted child who, by reason of the adoption, now shares one or more parents with a child living at the same home address.

## TIME OF ENTRY

The admission rules give some priority to those with a brother or sister attending Orchard Meadow School at the applicants "time of entry". This means that in the normal admissions round there will be no sibling connection for admission purposes for the following:

- Applicants for entry to Reception if they have a brother or sister in Year 6

## TWINS AND CHILDREN FROM MULTIPLE BIRTHS

Where the parent has made the same preferences of school and through the normal operation of the admission arrangements the last available place at Orchard Meadow School has been allocated to one twin, or child from a multiple birth, the other twin, or the other children from the multiple birth, will be offered a place at the school. This means that in these circumstances the Published Admission Number would be exceeded.

## CHILDREN ELIGIBLE FOR SERVICE PUPIL PREMIUM

Central Government defines that children who meet the following criteria are eligible for Service Pupil Premium (SPP):

one of their parents is serving in the regular armed forces.

- they have been registered as a 'service child' on the January school census at any point since 2015.
- one of their parents died whilst serving in the armed forces and the pupil receives a pension under the Armed Forces Compensation Scheme or the War Pensions Scheme.
- a parent is on full commitment as part of the full-time reserve service.

Parents will need to provide evidence of eligibility.

## THE NEAREST DESIGNATED PUBLIC ROUTE AS DEFINED ON THE DIRECTORATE FOR CHILDREN, EDUCATION & FAMILIES' GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

For admissions purposes, Oxfordshire County Council is the Admissions Authority for Orchard Meadow Primary School and have adopted the LA's measuring system, the straight- line distance from home to school will be calculated as set out below.

- The start point of the measurement is the "seed point" of the home address. The "seed point" is provided by Ordnance Survey from information compiled from Royal Mail and Councils via National Land and Property Gazetteer (NLPG). The seed point normally falls within the bounds of a property. The accuracy of seed points is to the nearest metre and uses the British Co-ordinate System (Easting/Northing). It is possible to move the location of an individual seed point, but this is not necessary for most addresses. It is not possible to verify the individual location of every seed point prior to measuring due to the number

of addresses in Oxfordshire and surrounding areas. The end point of the straight-line distance will be determined by Oxfordshire County Council.

- The calculation of the distance will be made in metres using a Pythagoras calculation. This calculation will be converted into miles by dividing the distance by 1609.344 to achieve a distance in miles accurate to three decimal places.
- For addresses outside the British Coordinate System an internet mapping solution will be used to determine a start point using longitude and latitude via [getlatlong.net/](http://getlatlong.net/) A straight line distance will then be calculated to the end point at the school in statute miles using [www.nhc.noaa.gov/gccalc.shtml](http://www.nhc.noaa.gov/gccalc.shtml)

### **RANDOM ALLOCATION**

If the distance “tie break” produces an identical result for two or more applicants and these applicants live at different addresses and are not children of a multiple birth (see above), the Local Authority will use random allocation to determine who will be offered a place.

### **HOME ADDRESS FOR FAMILIES OF SERVICE PERSONNEL WITH A CONFIRMED POSTING, OR CROWN SERVANTS RETURNING FROM OVERSEAS**

For families of service personnel with a confirmed posting, or crown servants returning from overseas, the Admission Authority will allocate a place in advance of the family arriving in the area (as long as one is available), provided the application is accompanied by an official letter that declares a relocation date. It will not refuse to process an application and will not refuse a place solely because the family does not yet have an intended address or does not yet live in the area.

In addition, the Admission Authority will use the address at which the child will live when applying oversubscription criteria, provided the parents provide some evidence of the intended address. If requested by a parent, the Admission Authority will use a Unit or quartering address as the child’s home address when considering the application against the oversubscription criteria.

The Admissions Authority will not reserve blocks of places for children of service personnel, or crown servants returning from overseas.

The council will also, in both its role as an Admission Authority and in its wider educational responsibilities, ensure that arrangements in Oxfordshire support the Government’s commitment to removing disadvantage for Service children.

### **HOME ADDRESS**

The address on the application should be the child’s address at the time of application. This is the address at which the child spends the majority of term-time school nights (Sunday night to Thursday night).

#### Normal phased transfer for starting primary for the first time in Reception

The **time of application** is the entire time period from the point when applications can start to be made in the November when the application process opens until 16 April (or next working day) the following calendar year.

### **CHANGE OF ADDRESS**

Sometimes an application is made based on an address at the time of application and the address then changes after the application has been submitted. It is important to tell the Admissions Authority (and/or Local Authority) about changes of address so that places can be offered fairly, and so notification can be sent by post to the correct home address.

If the application address is found to have subsequently changed after the application was submitted, and this information could have been provided when the application was first made or before places were offered, Oxfordshire County Council will consider the application to have been made on the basis of a fraudulent or intentionally misleading address (see below). This may result in the offer of a school place being withdrawn. If an application is made on the basis of a new address or intention to move to an area, information about the new address will need to be provided in order for it to be taken into account.

### Changes of Address normal phased transfer for starting primary for the first time in Reception

Changes of address which occur after the closing date for applications (15 January in the allocation year) can be considered if proof of this change is provided no later than the date in February set down in Oxfordshire County Council's co-ordinated admissions scheme.

### Changes of Address

To confirm a new address, the Local Authority needs one of the following:

- A solicitor's letter advising contracts have been exchanged (**if the property is being purchased**); *or*
- A copy of a tenancy agreement (if the property is to be rented). **If this tenancy agreement comes to an end before the September when the child is due to start school, the Local Authority may not accept the address for admissions purposes; *or***
- A copy of the Council Tax Bill **showing the same name(s) as on the school place application (CAF)**; *or*
- **A letter from a new employer** (e.g. University college) where accommodation is being provided by the employer and is tied to the new post/job giving details of this new address; *or*
- **Service Family Accommodation (New Quarter)** if this is a military posting with provided accommodation and the parent has requested that this address should be used for allocation purposes; *or*
- **Assignment Order** if this is a military posting but new quarter has not yet been notified and the parent has requested that the address of the military base be used for allocation purposes.

The Local Authority may also ask for proof from HM Revenue & Customs, Child Benefit Division or Tax Credits Division. **Such correspondence must pre-date the application.**

Where children spend time with parents at more than one address then the address given on the form should be the one that they live at (i.e., sleep at) for the majority of term-time school nights (Sunday night to Thursday night).

If children spend time equally at different addresses, then the address which will be used for admissions purposes will be the one registered for child benefit. The Admissions Authority (and/or Local Authority) will request proof of the registered address, which must pre-date the application.

### **FRAUDULENT APPLICATIONS**

If a place has been obtained on the basis of a fraudulent or intentionally misleading application (for example, a false claim to residence in a designated/ catchment area) and this results in the denial of a place to a child with a stronger claim, the local authority may withdraw the offer of the place. This follows the guidance in paragraphs 2.13 and 2.14 of the School Admissions Code (1 September 2021) published by the Department for Education:

[2.13] An admission authority **must not** withdraw an offer unless it has been offered in error, a parent has not responded within a reasonable period of time, or it is established that the offer was obtained through a fraudulent or intentionally misleading application. Where the parent has not responded to the offer, the admission authority **must** give the parent a further opportunity to respond and explain that the offer may be withdrawn if they do not. Where an offer is withdrawn on the basis of misleading information, the application **must** be considered afresh, and a right of appeal offered if an offer is refused.

[2.14] A school **must not** withdraw a place once a child has started at the school, except where that place was fraudulently obtained. In deciding whether to withdraw the place, the length of time that the child has been at the school **must** be taken into account. For example, it might be considered appropriate to withdraw the place if the child has been at the school for less than one term.

### **MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS (Applicants unable to agree on the schools to be listed on the application)**

If parents cannot agree on the schools to list on the application and submit separate applications, the Local Authority will write to all parties and request they reach agreement (using legal arbitration if necessary). The Local Authority will also request evidence of eligibility for Child Benefit. If agreement cannot be reached the Local Authority will process the application from the parent who receives or is eligible to receive Child Benefit. If a parent is unhappy with this decision their recourse would be to seek an order from the Court.

## **SHORTEST SAFE ROUTE FOR HOME TO SCHOOL TRAVEL ASSESSMENTS**

This is measured from the same start point defined in the straight-line distance measuring rules. From the start point the route firstly connects to the nearest point of the digitised network. The digitised network is constructed from a subset of the national road and path data supplied by Ordnance Survey. This data has been accurately digitised to measure along the centre of roads and takes corners at right angles. This is the same underlying information used by internet-based mapping solutions (e.g. Google Maps). However, the LA has a more accurate start point than internet-based mapping solutions and the network has been augmented by the LA to take into account other available public routes (e.g. alleyways, public footpaths, bridleways, etc). The augmented network used by the LA is accurate to at least 1 metre.

All roads and paths in Great Britain are accurately mapped in a consistent and logical network. The network does not include routes that are not defined as public; these include crossing parks with no paths where the park is not open and available all the time, "short-cuts" across patches of open land without paths, or footpaths across private land which are not defined as public routes.

The end point of the route is the nearest open gate of the school first arrived at from the direction of travel that is officially available for use by students for entry and exit to the school site at the start and end of the school day. The location of these gates has been set by the Admissions Authority. The LA consults with each individual school annually to ensure accurate placement of gates and their availability for use.

The shortest safe route is established using an algorithm within the bespoke software used by the LA. This software is called EYES (Early Years and Education System) which is supplied by Liquid Logic (<http://www.liquidlogic.co.uk/>).

EYES measures in miles accurate to three decimal places, which gives an accurate reading up to 1.609344 metres. The shortest safe route is not necessarily a driving route because it may use, in whole or in part, a non-driveable route (e.g. footpaths). The shortest safe route is also not necessarily a walking route because, for example, where the measurement uses a road, the route is along the centre of the road not along the edge (pavement or equivalent) of the road. In calculating the shortest safe route, certain parts of the network of roads and/or paths have been specified as unsafe and the route will use an alternative which will be longer. This longer distance will be used to determine whether a child is eligible for free home to school travel assistance.

Other measuring systems may give a different measurement, but the Council cannot take a measurement from another measuring system into account because this would lead to inconsistency in the method used to measure the shortest safe route and determine a child's eligibility for free home to school travel assistance.

## **HOME TO SCHOOL TRAVEL ASSISTANCE**

Some children qualify for free travel assistance from home to school. Oxfordshire County Council does not accept responsibility for the provision or cost of free travel assistance to the designated area school if it is not the closest or nearest available school.

Where a child is eligible for free travel assistance, but spends time with different parents at different addresses, Oxfordshire County Council will only accept responsibility for the provision and/or cost of free travel from the registered home address. The home to school transport policy is available online <https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/schooltransport>

## **ADMISSION TO AN OLDER OR YOUNGER AGE GROUP**

Parents of gifted and talented children, or those who have experienced problems or missed part of a year, for example due to ill health, can seek places outside their normal age group. Any decision will be made on the basis of the circumstances of each case. This will include:

- considering the parent's views.
- any information about the child's academic, social, and emotional development.
- whether they have previously been educated out of their normal age group.
- the views of the head teacher of the school(s) concerned.

When informing a parent of the decision on the year group to which their child should be admitted, the Local Authority will give clear reasons for the decision. Where it has been agreed that a parent's request for their child to be admitted out of their normal age group and, as a consequence of that decision, the child will be admitted to a relevant age group (i.e. the age group to which pupils are normally admitted to the school) the application will be:

- processed as part of the main admissions round, unless the parental request is made too late for this to be possible; and
- considered against the determined admission arrangements only, including the application of oversubscription criteria where applicable.

The Local Authority will not give a lower priority on the basis that the child is not of the correct age. Parents' statutory right to appeal against the refusal of a place at a school for which they have applied will not apply if they are offered a place at the school, but it is not in their preferred age group.

## **FAIR ACCESS PROTOCOL**

The Fair Access Protocol is part of the admission arrangements for all community and voluntary controlled schools in Oxfordshire and all own admission authority mainstream schools in Oxfordshire schools.

The Protocol is published on the County Council's public website:

<http://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/admissionrules>

## **CONTINUED INTEREST LISTS (CILs)**

Parents will be able to place their child's name on the Continued Interest List for a community or voluntary controlled school where a place could not be offered and a lower preference was offered instead.

### IL duration for normal phased transfer for starting primary or infant school for the first time in Reception

For those applying through the normal admissions round for entry to the Reception year group, the CIL will be maintained from shortly following initial allocation in the April preceding the start of the academic year in September until the end of June of their Reception year.

### CIL duration for other age ranges

In the case of those applying in year, the CIL will be maintained until the end of June of that academic year. It will be possible to place a name on the list from 1 August, the beginning of the academic year, and the list will be discontinued at the end of June each year. Children will not be automatically moved to a new CIL for the following academic year. A re-application will be necessary each year.

More information about CILs is published on the County Council's public website.

<http://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/continuedinterest>

## **IN-YEAR ADMISSIONS (Reception to Year 11)**

All community and voluntary controlled schools are part of the coordinated in year admissions process for Oxfordshire. The In-Year Admission Scheme is published on Oxfordshire County Council's public website.

<http://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/admissionrules>

## **ADMISSION APPEALS**

There is a statutory right to an admission appeal should a child be refused a place at a school. All community and voluntary controlled schools will take part in the independent admission appeals service set up by Oxfordshire County Council:

[www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/schoolappeals](http://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/schoolappeals)

## Legal Framework

These arrangements and over-subscription criteria meet all lawful requirements including those set out in the following Acts, Codes, policies and relevant case law:

- Adoption Act 1976  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1976/36/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1976/36/contents)
- Children Act 1989  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1989/41/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1989/41/contents)
- School Standards & Framework Act 1998  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1998/31/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1998/31/contents)
- Adoption and Children Act 2002  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2002/38/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2002/38/contents)
- Education Act 2002  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2002/32/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2002/32/contents)
- Equality Act 2010  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2010/15/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2010/15/contents)
- School Admissions Appeals Code 2012  
[www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-admissions-appeals-code](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-admissions-appeals-code)
- Children and Families Act 2014  
[www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/6/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/6/contents)
- School Admissions Code 2021  
[www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-admissions-code--2](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-admissions-code--2)
- Oxfordshire County Council's Co-ordinated Admissions Scheme  
[www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/admissionrules](http://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/admissionrules)